

10-Q - FORM 10-Q

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EX-31.A (EXHIBIT 31(A))

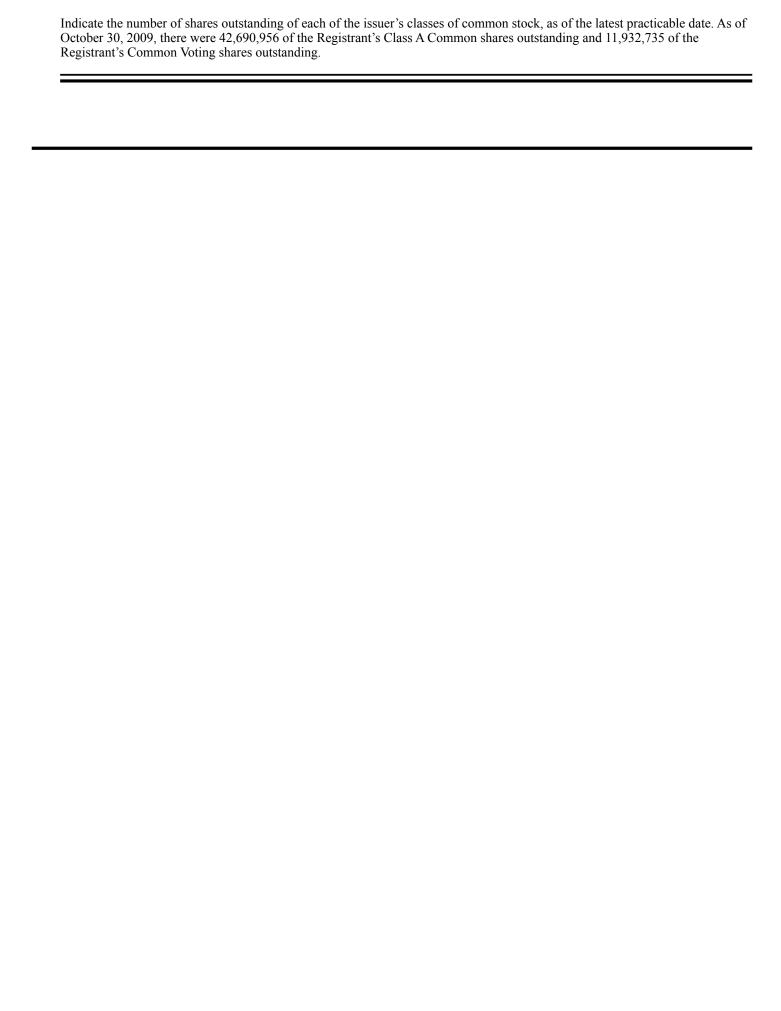
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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

| | F | ORM | 10-Q | | | |
|---|------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--------------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| | REPORT PURS EXCHANGE AC | | O SECTION 13 OI 034 | R 15(d) | OF THE | |
| | For the quarterly | period en | ded September 30, 2009 | 9 | | |
| | | or | | | | |
| | N REPORT PURS EXCHANGE AC | | O SECTION 13 OF | R 15(d) | OF THE | |
| | For the transition pe | riod from | to | | | |
| | Commiss | ion File N | umber 0-16914 | | | |
| THE | | | PPS COM specified in its charter) | PAN | NY | |
| Ohio (State or other jurincorporation or o | | | | 31-1223 I.R.S. Em | ployer | |
| 312 Walnut Cincinnati, (Address of principal e | Ohio | | | 4520 2 (Zip Co | | |
| Re | gistrant's telephone nu | mber, inclu | ading area code: (513) 97 | 77-3000 | | |
| (Former n | ame, former address ar | Not Appl nd former | icable fiscal year, if changed sir | nce last rep | port.) | |
| Indicate by check mark whether t Securities and Exchange Act of 19 to file such reports), and (2) has b | 934 during the preceding | ng 12 mon | ths (or for such shorter p | eriod that | the Registrant was | |
| Indicate by check mark whether to Interactive Data File required to be during the preceding 12 months (company). □ No □ | e submitted and posted | d pursuant | to Rule 405 of Regulation | on S-T (§2 | 32.405 of this char | oter) |
| Indicate by check mark whether the reporting company. See definition of the Exchange Act. (Check one) | s of "large accelerated | | | | | |
| Large accelerated filer ✓ | Accelerated filer | | Non-accelerated filer | | Smaller reporting | ; company |
| | | | (Do not check if smal reporting company) | | | L |
| Indicate by check mark whether t | he Registrant is a shell | company | (as defined in Rule 12b-2 | 2 of the Ex | schange Act). Yes | □ No |



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PART I

As used in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the terms "we," "our," "us" or "Scripps" may, depending on the context, refer to The E. W. Scripps Company, to one or more of its consolidated subsidiary companies or to all of them taken as a whole.

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The information required by this item is filed as part of this Form 10-Q. See Index to Financial Information at page F-1 of this Form 10-Q.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The information required by this item is filed as part of this Form 10-Q. See Index to Financial Information at page F-1 of this Form 10-Q.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The information required by this item is filed as part of this Form 10-Q. See Index to Financial Information at page F-1 of this Form 10-Q.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The information required by this item is filed as part of this Form 10-Q. See Index to Financial Information at page F-1 of this Form 10-Q.

PART II

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are involved in litigation arising in the ordinary course of business, such as defamation actions, employment related actions and various governmental and administrative proceeding. We do not expect any of these matters to result in material loss.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes to the factors disclosed in Item 1A. Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, except that the risk factor "Macro economic factors may impede access to or increase the cost of financing our operations and investments. Our ability to meet the covenants in our debt agreement may affect our ability to borrow under our Revolving Credit Agreement." has changed. The last two paragraphs are no longer applicable due to the amendment of our credit agreement as described in footnote 8 to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY AND USE OF PROCEEDS

There were no sales of unregistered equity securities in this reporting period.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

There were no defaults upon senior securities in this reporting period.

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ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

There were no matters submitted to a vote of security holders during the quarter for which this report is filed.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The information required by this item is filed as part of this Form 10-Q. See Index to Exhibits at page E-1 of this Form 10-Q.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

THE E. W. SCRIPPS COMPANY

Dated: November 5, 2009 BY: /s/ Douglas F. Lyons

Douglas F. Lyons

Vice President and Controller

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THE E. W. SCRIPPS COMPANY

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CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

| (in thousands) | As of tember 30, 2009 | As of December 31, 2008 | | |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|--|
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 10,408 | \$ | 5,376 | |
| Short-term investments | 21,254 | | 21,130 | |
| Accounts and notes receivable (less allowances — \$4,934 and \$7,763) | 105,531 | | 169,010 | |
| Inventory | 7,064 | | 11,952 | |
| Deferred income taxes | 38,222 | | 33,911 | |
| Income taxes receivable | 37,341 | | 12,363 | |
| Miscellaneous | 26,472 | | 31,794 | |
| Total current assets | 246,292 | | 285,536 | |
| Investments | 10,812 | | 12,720 | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 432,107 | | 426,671 | |
| Goodwill and other intangible assets: | | | | |
| Goodwill | _ | | 215,432 | |
| Other intangible assets | 23,980 | | 26,464 | |
| Total goodwill and other intangible assets | 23,980 | | 241,896 | |
| Other assets: | | | | |
| Deferred income taxes | 63,075 | | 80,600 | |
| Miscellaneous | 14,367 | | 9,281 | |
| Total other assets | 77,442 | | 89,881 | |
| Assets of discontinued operations — noncurrent | _ | | 32,272 | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 790,633 | \$ | 1,088,976 | |

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

| (in thousands, except share data) | Sep | As of tember 30, 2009 | De | As of ecember 31, 2008 |
|---|-----|-----------------------|----|------------------------|
| LIABILITIES AND EQUITY | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 25,814 | \$ | 55,889 |
| Customer deposits and unearned revenue | | 32,014 | | 38,817 |
| Accrued liabilities: | | | | |
| Employee compensation and benefits | | 33,067 | | 36,273 |
| Accrued talent payable | | 11,983 | | 15,981 |
| Miscellaneous | | 22,751 | | 23,651 |
| Liabilities of discontinued operations — current | | _ | | 2,225 |
| Other current liabilities | | 9,404 | | 14,748 |
| Total current liabilities | | 135,033 | | 187,584 |
| Long-term debt | | 29,455 | | 61,166 |
| Other liabilities (less current portion) | | 190,855 | | 245,259 |
| Equity: The E.W. Scripps Company equity: Preferred stock, \$.01 par — authorized: 25,000,000 shares; none outstanding | | | | |
| Common stock, \$.01 par: | | | | |
| Class A — authorized: 240,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding: 42,602,329 and 41,884,187 shares | | 426 | | 419 |
| Voting — authorized: 60,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding: 11,932,735 and 11,933,401 shares | | 119 | | 119 |
| Total | | 545 | | 538 |
| Additional paid-in capital | | 533,377 | | 523,859 |
| Retained earnings (accumulated deficit) | | (13,132) | | 200,827 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of income taxes: | | (, , , | | , |
| Pension liability adjustments | | (89,419) | | (134,293) |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | | 668 | | 638 |
| Total equity for The E.W. Scripps Company | | 432,039 | | 591,569 |
| Noncontrolling interest | | 3,251 | | 3,398 |
| Total equity | | 435,290 | | 594,967 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY | \$ | 790,633 | \$ | 1,088,976 |

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

${\bf CONDENSED}\ {\bf CONSOLIDATED}\ {\bf STATEMENTS}\ {\bf OF}\ {\bf OPERATIONS}\ (\ {\bf UNAUDITED}\)$

| | | onths ended nber 30, | Nine months ended September 30, | | | | |
|---|------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|------------|----------|------------|--|
| (in thousands, except per share data) | 2009 | 2008 | 2 | 2009 | | 2008 | |
| On anoting Devenues | | | | | | | |
| Operating Revenues: Advertising | \$ 130,410 | \$ 176,346 | \$ | 411,228 | \$ | 561,745 | |
| Circulation | 27,309 | 26,577 | Ф | 86,511 | Þ | 85,080 | |
| | | 16,569 | | | | | |
| Licensing | 17,331 | | | 48,988 | | 52,469 | |
| Other | 11,351 | 10,753 | | 38,200 | | 37,474 | |
| Total operating revenues | 186,401 | 230,245 | | 584,927 | | 736,768 | |
| Costs and Expenses: | | | | | | | |
| Employee compensation and benefits | 89,299 | 101,131 | | 283,542 | | 337,122 | |
| Production and distribution | 39,815 | 52,087 | | 131,273 | | 163,774 | |
| Programs and program licenses | 13,228 | 11,957 | | 39,104 | | 34,931 | |
| Other costs and expenses | 35,016 | 38,796 | | 110,115 | | 123,002 | |
| Separation and restructuring costs | 1,221 | 22,020 | | 4,155 | | 31,629 | |
| Total costs and expenses | 178,579 | 225,991 | | 568,189 | | 690,458 | |
| Depreciation, Amortization, and (Gains) | | | | | | | |
| Losses: | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation | 10,525 | 11,137 | | 31,930 | | 32,106 | |
| Amortization of intangible assets | 382 | 810 | | 1,485 | | 2,411 | |
| Impairment of goodwill and indefinite-lived | | | | ĺ | | ĺ | |
| assets | _ | _ | | 216,413 | | 778,900 | |
| (Gains) losses on disposal of property, plant | | | | | | , | |
| and equipment | (130) | 17 | | 227 | | (2,244) | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Net depreciation, amortization and (gains) losses | 10,777 | 11,964 | | 250,055 | <u> </u> | 811,173 | |
| Operating loss | (2,955) | (7,710) | (| (233,317) | | (764,863) | |
| Interest expense | (1,149) | | | (1,558) | | (10,547) | |
| Equity in earnings of JOAs and other joint | () - / | | | ()) | | () | |
| ventures | 586 | 649 | | 798 | | 3,399 | |
| Write-down of investment in newspaper | 200 | 0.5 | | ,,, | | 2,233 | |
| partnership | | _ | | | | (10,000) | |
| Losses on repurchases of debt | <u></u> | | | | | (26,380) | |
| Miscellaneous, net | 270 | (508) | | (988) | | 7,136 | |
| , | | | | | | | |
| Loss from continuing operations before income | | | | , | | | |
| taxes | (3,248) | (7,569) | (| (235,065) | | (801,255) | |
| Provision (benefit) for income taxes | 293 | (4,514) | | (28,886) | _ | (253,457) | |
| T C | (2.541) | (2.055) | , | (207, 170) | | (5.47.700) | |
| Loss from continuing operations, net of tax | (3,541) | (3,055) | (| (206,179) | | (547,798) | |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax | 280 | (13,677) | | (15,676) | | 130,627 | |
| 22.1 | | | | / ^ | | | |
| Net loss | (3,261) | (16,732) | (| (221,855) | | (417,171) | |
| Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests | _ | 67 | | (147) | | 46,801 | |
| | | | | (,) | | , | |
| Net loss attributable to the shareholders of The | ¢ (2.261) | ¢ (16.700) | c , | (221 700) | ¢ | (462,072) | |
| E.W. Scripps Company | \$ (3,261) | \$ (16,799) | \$ (| (221,708) | \$ | (463,972) | |
| Net income (loss) per basic share of common stock attributable to the shareholders of The E.W. Scripps Company: | | | | | | | |
| Loss from continuing operations | \$ (.07) | \$ (.06) | \$ | (3.83) | \$ | (10.10) | |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations | .01 | (.25) | | (.29) | · | 1.55 | |
| Net loss per basic share of common stock | \$ (.06) | \$ (.31) | \$ | (4.13) | \$ | (8.55) | |
| 1100 1000 per ouble share of common stock | Ψ (.00) | ψ (.51) | Ψ | (4.13) | Ψ | (0.55) | |

| Net income (loss) per diluted share of common | | | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|
| stock attributable to the shareholders of The | | | | |
| E.W. Scripps Company: | | | | |
| Loss from continuing operations | \$ (.07) | \$ (.06) | \$ (3.83) | \$ (10.10) |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations | .01 | (.25) | (.29) | 1.55 |
| Net loss per diluted share of common stock | \$ (.06) | \$ (.31) | \$ (4.13) | \$ (8.55) |

Net income (loss) per share amounts may not foot since each is calculated independently.

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

${\bf CONDENSED}\ {\bf CONSOLIDATED}\ {\bf STATEMENTS}\ {\bf OF}\ {\bf CASH}\ {\bf FLOWS}\ (\ {\bf UNAUDITED}\)$

| | | Nine months ended September 30, | | | | |
|---|----|---------------------------------|----|--------------------|--|--|
| (in thousands) | | 2009 | , | 2008 | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities: | | | | | | |
| Net loss | \$ | (221,855) | \$ | (417,171) | | |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of noncontrolling interest | _ | 15,676 | _ | (130,627) | | |
| Loss from continuing energtions | | (206 170) | | (547.709) | | |
| Loss from continuing operations Adjustments to reconcile loss from continuing operations to net cash flows from | | (206,179) | | (547,798) | | |
| operating activities: | | | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 33,415 | | 34,705 | | |
| Impairment of goodwill and indefinite-lived assets | | 216,413 | | 788,900 | | |
| (Gains)/losses on sale of property, plant and equipment | | 227 | | (2,244) | | |
| Equity in earnings of JOAs and other joint ventures | | (798) | | (3,399) | | |
| Deferred income taxes | | 19,141 | | (268,243) | | |
| Excess tax benefits of stock compensation plans | | _ | | (1,228) | | |
| Stock and deferred compensation plans | | 6,204 | | 37,458 | | |
| Dividends received from JOAs and other joint ventures | | 1,775 | | 4,345 | | |
| Losses on repurchases of debt | | 20.222 | | 26,380 | | |
| Pension expense, net of payments | | 20,323 | | 1,171 | | |
| Other changes in certain working capital accounts, net Miscellaneous, net | | 14,391 | | 2,110 | | |
| • | | (1,937) | | (8,799) | | |
| Net cash provided by continuing operating activities | | 102,975 | | 63,358 | | |
| Net cash (used in) provided by discontinued operating activities | | (17,434) | _ | 265,575 | | |
| Net operating activities | | 85,541 | | 328,933 | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities: | | (25, 520) | | (50.115) | | |
| Additions to property, plant and equipment Decrease (increase) in short-term investments | | (35,539) | | (59,115) 13,816 | | |
| Proceeds from sale of investments | | (124) 72 | | 37,091 | | |
| Increase in investments | | (3,376) | | (580) | | |
| Miscellaneous, net | | 76 | | (746) | | |
| Net cash used in continuing investing activities | | (38,891) | | (9,534) | | |
| Net cash used in discontinued investing activities | | (30,071) | | (38,882) | | |
| Net investing activities | | (38,891) | | (48,416) | | |
| The miresting detivities | _ | (30,071) | _ | (40,410) | | |
| Cash Flows from Financing Activities: | | | | | | |
| Increase in long-term debt | | _ | | 69,600 | | |
| Payments on long-term debt | | (31,711) | | (514,784) | | |
| Bond redemption premium payment | | | | (22,517) | | |
| Payments of financing costs | | (3,062) | | | | |
| Dividends paid | | _ | | (53,957) | | |
| Dividends paid to noncontrolling interests | | _ | | (24) | | |
| Repurchase Class A Common shares | | _ | | (17,125) | | |
| Proceeds from employee stock options | | 1,820 | | 15,071 | | |
| Excess tax benefits of stock compensation plans Miscellaneous, net | | (9.665) | | 1,228 | | |
| | | (8,665) | | 3,931 | | |
| Net cash used in continuing financing activities | | (41,618) | | (518,577) | | |
| Net cash provided by discontinued financing activities | | (41, (10) | | 257,920 | | |
| Net financing activities | | (41,618) | | (260,657) | | |
| | | | | (7.5) | | |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | | | | (75) | | |
| | | | | (22.2(0)) | | |
| Change in cash — discontinued operations | | <u> </u> | | (23,268) | | |
| Inches (decrees) in each and each and each and | | 5.022 | | (2.492) | | |
| Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | | 5,032 | | (3,483) | | |
| Cash and each aquivalents: | | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning of year | | 5,376 | | 19,100 | | |
| Dogiming of your | | 5,570 | | 17,100 | | |

End of period \$ 10,408 \$ 15,617

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

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${\bf CONDENSED} \ {\bf CONSOLIDATED} \ {\bf STATEMENTS} \ {\bf OF} \ {\bf EQUITY} \ (\ {\bf UNAUDITED} \)$

| (in thousands, except share data) | | nmon tock | | Additional Paid-in Capital | | Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit) | Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) | N | oncontrolling Interests | _ | Total Equity |
|---|----|--------------|----|----------------------------------|----|--|--|----|----------------------------|----|-----------------|
| As of December 31, 2007 | \$ | 543 | \$ | 476,142 | \$ | 1,971,848 | | \$ | 141,930 | \$ | 2,592,291 |
| Net income (loss) | | | | | | (463,972) | | | 46,801 | | (417,171) |
| Unrealized gains (losses) on investments | | | | | | | (682) |) | | | (682) |
| Adjustment for losses (gains) in income on investments | | | | | _ | | (3,655) | | | | (3,655) |
| Change in unrealized gains (losses) on investments | | | | | | | (4,337) | ı | | | (4,337) |
| Amortization of prior service costs, actuarial losses, and transition obligations | | | | | | | 2,081 | | | | 2,081 |
| Equity in investee's adjustments for | | | | | | | _, | | | | _,,,,, |
| pension | | | | | | | (162) | ١ | | | (162) |
| Currency translation adjustment | | | | | | | (40) | | | | (40) |
| Dividends: declared and paid — | | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$.99 per share | | | | | | (53,957) | | | | | (53,957) |
| Dividends: Noncontrolling interest | | | | | | (1.010.104) | (40, 600) | | (56,207) | | (56,207) |
| Spin-off of SNI | | | | | | (1,213,484) | (40,602) | | (129,015) | | (1,383,101) |
| Repurchase 883,833 Class A Common shares | | (0) | | (0.622) | | (7.494) | | | | | (17.125) |
| Compensation plans: 695,965 net | | (9) |) | (9,632) | | (7,484) | | | | | (17,125) |
| shares issued | | 7 | | 35,359 | | | | | | | 35,366 |
| Stock modification change | | / | | 19,547 | | | | | | | 19,547 |
| Tax benefits of compensation plans | | | | 2,090 | | | | | | | 2,090 |
| Tax beliefits of compensation plans | _ | | _ | 2,070 | - | | | - | | _ | 2,070 |
| As of September 30, 2008 | \$ | 541 | \$ | 523,506 | \$ | 232,951 | \$ (41,232) | \$ | 3,509 | \$ | 719,275 |
| As of December 31, 2008 | \$ | 538 | \$ | 523,859 | \$ | 200,827 | \$ (133,655) | \$ | 3,398 | \$ | 594,967 |
| Net loss | Ψ | 000 | Ψ | 025,005 | Ψ | (221,708) | | Ψ | (147) | | (221,855) |
| Spin-off of SNI | | | | | | 7,749 | 1,536 | | (-1.) | | 9,285 |
| Amortization of prior service costs, actuarial losses, and transition | | | | | | ,,,,, | , | | | | , , , |
| obligations | | | | | | | 8,248 | | | | 8,248 |
| Pension liability adjustment | | | | | | | 35,150 | | | | 35,150 |
| Currency translation adjustment | | | | | | | (30) |) | | | (30) |
| Compensation plans: 718,142 net shares issued | | 7 | | 9,518 | | | | | | | 9,525 |
| As of September 30, 2009 | \$ | 545 | \$ | 533,377 | \$ | (13,132) | \$ (88,751) | \$ | 3,251 | \$ | 435,290 |

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As used in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, the terms "we," "our," "us" or "Scripps" may, depending on the context, refer to The E. W. Scripps Company, to one or more of its consolidated subsidiary companies or to all of them taken as a whole.

Basis of Presentation — The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. The interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements, including the notes thereto included in our 2008 Annual Report on Form 10-K. In management's opinion, the financial statements include all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) necessary for a fair presentation of the interim periods. Management has evaluated all subsequent events through the November 5, 2009, issuance of these financial statements.

Results of operations are not necessarily indicative of the results for future interim periods or for the full year.

Nature of Operations — We are a media concern with interests in newspaper publishing, broadcast television, and licensing and syndication. All of our media businesses provide content and advertising services via the Internet. Our media businesses are organized into the following reportable business segments: Newspapers, JOAs and newspaper partnerships, Television, and Licensing and other. Note 13 provides additional information regarding our business segments.

On July 1, 2008, we distributed our national cable television networks and interactive media business to our shareholders in a tax-free spin-off. We report results for those businesses as discontinued operations for all periods. See Note 3 for additional information regarding the Spin-off.

Use of Estimates — The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires us to make a variety of decisions that affect the reported amounts and the related disclosures. Such decisions include the selection of accounting principles that reflect the economic substance of the underlying transactions and the assumptions on which to base accounting estimates. In reaching such decisions, we apply judgment based on our understanding and analysis of the relevant circumstances, including our historical experience, actuarial studies and other assumptions.

Our financial statements include estimates and assumptions used in accounting for our defined benefit pension plans; the recognition of certain revenues; rebates due to customers; the periods over which long-lived assets are depreciated or amortized; the fair value of long-lived assets and goodwill; the liability for uncertain tax positions and valuation allowances against deferred income tax assets; estimates for uncollectible accounts receivable; and self-insured risks.

While we re-evaluate our estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis, actual results could differ from those estimated at the time of preparation of the financial statements.

Concentration of Credit Risk — In order to reduce our price of newsprint and to manage delivery and supply of newsprint, we purchase and arrange delivery of newsprint for other newspaper companies. Newsprint vendors retain the credit risk for newsprint shipped to other newspaper companies beginning in 2009. Prior to 2009, we retained credit risk for newspaper shipments to other newspaper companies.

Revenue Recognition — We recognize revenue when persuasive evidence of a sales arrangement exists, delivery occurs or services are rendered, the sales price is fixed or determinable and collectability is reasonably assured. When a sales arrangement contains multiple elements, such as the sale of advertising and other services, we allocate revenue to each element based upon its relative fair value. Revenue recognition may be ceased on delinquent accounts depending upon a number of factors, including the customer's credit history, number of days past due, and the terms of any agreements with the customer. Revenue recognition on such accounts resumes when the customer has taken actions to remove their accounts from delinquent status, at which time we recognize any associated deferred revenues. We report revenue net of our remittance of sales taxes and other taxes collected from our customers.

Our primary sources of revenue are from:

- The sale of print, broadcast, and Internet advertising
- The sale of newspapers
- Licensing royalties

The revenue recognition policies for each source of revenue are described in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008.

Share-Based Compensation — We have a Long-Term Incentive Plan (the "Plan") which is described more fully in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008. The Plan provides for the award of incentive and nonqualified share options, share appreciation rights, restricted and unrestricted Class A Common shares and restricted share units, and performance units to key employees and non-employee directors. We issued 9.4 million restricted share units (RSUs) with an aggregate fair value of \$8.3 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2009. We recognize the fair value of the awards as an employee's rights to the awards vest. In the first quarter of 2010, approximately 2.7 million of the RSUs will vest and the holders will receive approximately 1.8 million shares, net of tax withholdings. Employees are not restricted from selling shares received upon the vesting of their RSUs.

Share-Based Equity Awards

Employees holding share-based equity awards at the time of the spin-off of Scripps Networks Interactive, Inc. ("SNI") received modified awards in Scripps, SNI or both companies based upon whether the awards were vested or unvested and whether the employee was a Scripps or SNI employee. Separation and restructuring costs in the third quarter include incremental compensation of \$19.6 million, measured by the excess of the fair value of the modified awards over the fair value of the awards immediately prior to the modifications.

Share based compensation costs for continuing operations totaled \$2.0 million for the third quarter of 2009 and \$1.0 million for the third quarter of 2008. Year-to-date share based compensation costs for continuing operations totaled \$7.0 million in 2009 and \$13.7 million in 2008.

There were no share based compensation costs for discontinued operations in 2009. There were no share based compensation costs for discontinued operations for the third quarter of 2008. Year-to-date share based compensation costs for discontinued operations totaled \$3.1 million in 2008.

Earnings Per Share ("EPS") — Unvested awards of share-based payments with rights to receive dividends or dividend equivalents, such as our restricted stock and restricted stock units (RSUs), are considered participating securities for purposes of calculating EPS. Under the two-class method, we allocate a portion of net income to these participating securities and therefore exclude that income from the calculation of EPS allocated to common stock. We do not allocate losses to the participating securities. When we adopted this treatment in 2009, we adjusted all prior period earnings per share data to conform to these provisions. This adoption did not result in a change to the previously reported basic EPS and diluted EPS for the three or nine months ended September 30, 2008, due to the reported net loss.

| | Three mor Septem | led | Nine months ended September 30, | | | | |
|---|------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|-----------|----|-----------|--|
| (in thousands) | 2009 | 2008 | | 2009 | | 2008 | |
| Numerator (for both basic and diluted earnings per share) | | | | | | | |
| Net loss attributable to the Shareholders of The E.W. Scripps Company | \$ (3,261) | \$ (16,799) | \$ | (221,708) | \$ | (463,972) | |
| Less income allocated to unvested restricted stock and RSUs | | <u> </u> | | | | <u>—</u> | |
| Numerator for basic and diluted earnings per share | \$ (3,261) | \$ (16,799) | \$ | (221,708) | \$ | (463,972) | |
| Denominator | | | | | | | |
| Basic weighted-average shares outstanding | 53,986 | 54,182 | | 53,734 | | 54,254 | |
| Effect of dilutive securities: Unvested restricted shares and RSUs held by employees | <u>_</u> | _ | | <u>_</u> | | _ | |
| Stock options held by employees and directors | <u> </u> | _ | | | | _ | |
| Diluted weighted-average shares outstanding | 53,986 | 54,182 | | 53,734 | _ | 54,254 | |
| Anti-dilutive securities(1) | 21,328 | 13,006 | | 21,328 | | 13,006 | |

Amount outstanding at Balance Sheet date, before application of the treasury stock method and not weighted for period outstanding.

For all reported periods we incurred a net loss and the inclusion of unvested restricted stock, RSUs and stock options held by employees and directors were anti-dilutive, and accordingly the diluted EPS calculation excludes those common share equivalents.

2. ACCOUNTING CHANGES AND RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

Accounting Changes — In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued a new accounting standard, which defined fair value, established a framework for measuring fair value, and expanded disclosures about fair value measurements. In February 2008, the FASB delayed the effective date of this standard for non-financial assets and liabilities, except for those that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis, until January 1, 2009. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on our financial statements.

In December 2007, the FASB issued a new accounting standard which established accounting and reporting standards for the noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary, the deconsolidation of a subsidiary, and accounting for noncontrolling interests as equity in the consolidated financial statements at fair value. We adopted this standard as of January 1, 2009. Upon adoption of this standard, we reclassified our noncontrolling interest in subsidiary companies to a separate component of equity and changed the presentation of our statement of operations and statement of cash flows. We have retroactively reclassified all periods presented.

In December 2007, the FASB issued a new accounting standard, which provided guidance relating to recognition of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination. This standard also established expanded disclosure requirements for business combinations. We adopted this standard effective January 1, 2009, prospectively for all business combinations subsequent to the effective date.

In March 2008, the FASB issued a new accounting standard which amended and expanded the disclosure requirements for derivatives to provide a better understanding of how and why an entity uses derivative instruments, how derivative instruments and related hedged items are accounted for, and their effect on an entity's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. We adopted this standard effective January 1, 2009. The adoption of this standard had no impact on our financial statements.

In May 2009, the FASB issued a new accounting standard which provided guidance on management's assessment of subsequent events and incorporates this guidance into accounting literature. This new standard is effective prospectively for interim and annual periods ending after June 15, 2009. The implementation of this standard did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial position or our results of operations.

New Accounting Pronouncements — In June 2009, the FASB issued a new accounting standard which amended the consolidation guidance applicable to variable interest entities and is effective for us on January 1, 2010. We do not expect this standard to have a material impact on our financial condition or results of operations.

In June 2009, the FASB Accounting Standards Codification TM and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles was issued. The Codification is the source of authoritative U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP). The Codification, which changes the referencing of financial standards but does not modify US GAAP, became effective for us on July 1, 2009.

In April 2009, the FASB issued a staff position which changes the method for determining whether an other-than-temporary impairment exists for debt securities and the amount of the impairment to be recorded in earnings. The guidance is effective for interim and annual periods ending after June 15, 2009. The implementation of this standard did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial position and results of operations.

In April 2009, the FASB issued a staff position requiring fair value disclosures in both interim as well as annual financial statements in order to provide more timely information about the effects of current market conditions on financial instruments. The guidance is effective for interim and annual periods ending after June 15, 2009. The implementation of this standard did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial position and results of operations.

In October 2009, the FASB issued amendments to the accounting and disclosure for revenue recognition. These amendments, effective for fiscal years beginning on or after June 15, 2010 (early adoption is permitted), modify the criteria for recognizing revenue in multiple element arrangements and the scope of what constitutes a non-software deliverable. The Company is currently assessing the impact on its consolidated financial position and results of operations.

3. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Spin-off of SNI

On October 16, 2007, we announced that our Board of Directors had authorized management to pursue a plan to separate Scripps into two independent, publicly traded companies (the "Separation") through the spin-off of SNI to Scripps shareholders. We formed SNI as a wholly owned subsidiary on October 23, 2007, in order to effect the Separation, and transferred all assets and liabilities of the Scripps Networks and Interactive Media businesses to SNI prior to the effective date of the Separation.

On July 1, 2008, we distributed all of the shares of SNI to shareholders of record as of the close of business on June 16, 2008 (the "Record Date"). Shareholders of record received one SNI Class A Common Share for every Scripps Class A Common Share held as of the Record Date and one SNI Common Voting Share for every Scripps Common Voting Share held as of the Record Date.

Following completion of the Separation, we report SNI as discontinued operations in our financial statements for all prior periods

In connection with the Separation, the following agreements between Scripps and SNI became effective:

- Separation and Distribution Agreement
- Transition Services Agreement
- Employee Matters Agreement
- Tax Allocation Agreement

These agreements are described in detail in our 2008 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

For the three-and-nine-month periods ended September 30, 2009, we charged SNI \$0.1 million and \$2.9 million, respectively for services rendered. We paid SNI \$0.5 million for the nine-months ended September 30, 2009 for services rendered under the terms of these agreements. We did not make any payments to SNI for the three-months ended September 30, 2009. In 2009, SNI also reimbursed us \$16 million for its share of estimated taxes prior to the Separation under the Tax Allocation Agreement. Included in miscellaneous current assets at September 30, 2009, is a \$11 million receivable from SNI for the estimated balance due for their portion of taxes for the 2008 tax year. The final amount will be determined in the fourth quarter of 2009 when certain state tax returns are filed for the 2008 tax year.

Closure of Rocky Mountain News

Due primarily to the negative effects of the economy on the advertising revenues of the Denver JOA we determined that indications of impairment of our investment existed as of June 30, 2008. We recorded a non-cash charge of \$85 million to reduce the carrying value of our investment in the Denver JOA to our share of the estimated fair value of their net assets in the second quarter of 2008. We recorded an additional \$25 million non-cash charge to reduce the carrying value to zero in the third quarter of 2008.

After an unsuccessful search for a buyer, we closed the Rocky Mountain News after it published its final edition on February 27, 2009.

Our Rocky Mountain News and Media News Group, Inc.'s (MNG) Denver Post were partners in The Denver Newspaper Agency (the "Denver JOA"), a limited liability partnership, which operated the sales, production and business operations of the Rocky Mountain News prior to its closure. Each newspaper owned 50% of the Denver JOA and received a 50% share of the profits. Each newspaper provided the Denver JOA with the independent editorial content published in its newspaper.

Under the terms of an agreement with MNG, we transferred our interests in the Denver JOA to MNG in the third quarter of 2009. We recorded no gain or loss on the transfer of our interest in the Denver JOA to MNG.

Following the transfer of our interest, we reported the operations of the Rocky Mountain News and the earnings from our interest in the Denver JOA as discontinued operations in our financial statements for all prior periods.

Operating results of our discontinued operations were as follows:

| | Three mor | | Nine months ended September 30, | | | | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|------|---------------------|--|
| (in thousands) | 2009 | 2008 | | 2009 | 2008 | | |
| Operating revenues | \$ 13 | \$ 1,261 | \$ | 50 | \$ | 804,534 | |
| Equity in earnings of JOAs and other joint ventures | \$ | \$ 922 | \$ | | \$ | 18,235 | |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations: | | | | | | | |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations, before tax Income tax (expense) benefit | \$ 430 (150) | \$ (30,072) 16,395 | \$ | (21,587) 5,911 | \$ | 194,400 (63,773) | |
| Income (loss) from discontinued operations | \$ 280 | \$ (13,677) | \$ | (15,676) | \$ | 130,627 | |

Investment banking fees, legal, accounting and other professional and consulting fees directly related to the Separation totaled \$46.3 million and \$22.9 million for the nine-month and three-month periods ending September 30, 2008, respectively. We allocated \$14.7 million and \$0.9 million of these costs for the nine-month and three-month period ending September 30, 2008, respectively, to discontinued operations in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and the remaining costs to continuing operations.

4. OTHER CHARGES AND CREDITS

2009 — Separation and restructuring costs include the costs to restructure our operations and to install separate information systems as well as other costs related to affect the spin-off of SNI. These costs increased loss from continuing operations before taxes by \$1.2 million in the third quarter and \$4.2 million year-to-date.

In the first quarter we recorded a \$215 million, non-cash charge to reduce the carrying value of our goodwill for our Television division. See Note 7.

We also recorded a \$1 million non-cash charge to reduce the carrying value of the FCC license for our Lawrence, Kansas, television station.

2008 — In the second quarter we recorded a \$779 million, non-cash charge to reduce the carrying value of goodwill. We also recorded a non-cash charge of \$10 million to reduce the carrying value of our investment in the Colorado newspaper partnership to our share of the estimated fair value of its net assets.

In the second quarter of 2008, we redeemed the remaining balances of our outstanding notes and recorded a \$26.4 million loss on the extinguishment of debt.

Transaction costs and other activities related to the spin-off of SNI increased our costs and expenses by \$22 million and \$31.6 million, respectively for the three-and-nine-month periods ended September 30, 2008.

Investment results, reported in the caption "Miscellaneous, net" in our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations, include realized gains of \$7.5 million from the sale of certain investments through the third quarter of 2008.

5. INCOME TAXES

We file a consolidated federal income tax return, consolidated unitary returns in certain states, and other separate subsidiary company state income tax returns in the remaining states in which we have nexus.

The income tax provision for interim periods is determined based upon the expected effective income tax rate for the full year and the tax rate applicable to certain discrete transactions in the interim period. We must estimate both the total income (loss) before income tax for the full year and the jurisdictions in which that income (loss) is subject to tax in calculating the estimated effective income tax rate for the full year. The actual effective income tax rate may differ from these estimates if income (loss) before income tax is greater or less than the estimated amount or if the allocation of income (loss) to tax jurisdictions differs from the estimated allocations. We review and adjust our estimated effective income tax rate each quarter.

The effective income tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2009, was 12.3%. Approximately \$150 million of the goodwill impairment charge recorded in the first quarter of 2009 is not deductible for income tax purposes, resulting in the difference between the effective income tax rate and the U.S. Federal statutory rate of 35%.

Deferred tax assets totaled \$101 million at September 30, 2009. Approximately \$44 million of our deferred tax assets reverse in 2009 and 2010. We can use any tax losses resulting from those deferred tax assets to claim refunds of taxes paid in prior periods. Management believes that it is more likely than not that we will realize the benefits of our Federal deferred tax assets and therefore has not recorded a valuation allowance for our deferred tax assets. If current economic conditions persist or worsen, future estimates of taxable income could be lower than our current estimates, which may require valuation allowances to be recorded in future reporting periods. We have recorded a valuation allowance for certain state net operating losses.

Liabilities for uncertain tax positions totaled \$19.3 million at September 30, 2009. Under the Tax Allocation Agreement between Scripps and SNI, SNI is responsible for its own pre-spin-off tax obligations. However, we remain severally liable for SNI's pre-spin-off federal taxes and its state and local income taxes in jurisdictions in which SNI was included in a unitary tax return. SNI is required to indemnify us for any tax assessments related to its share of such federal and state and local income taxes. The liability for uncertain tax positions includes \$2.8 million for positions related to SNI's share of income taxes.

We reached an agreement with the Internal Revenue Service in the second quarter of 2009 to settle the examinations of our 2005 and 2006 federal income tax returns. We reversed unrecognized tax benefits of \$0.9 million upon the settlement, increasing our tax benefit for the nine months ended September 30, 2009.

6. JOINT OPERATING AGREEMENT AND NEWSPAPER PARTNERSHIPS

In connection with the closure of the Rocky Mountain News, we also transferred our 50% interest in Prairie Mountain Publishing ("PMP") to MNG in the third quarter of 2009. Under the terms of the agreement we received a \$5 million secured promissory note from MNG which we have recorded at \$4.4 million, the carrying value of the assets we gave up. We recorded no gain or loss on the transfer of our partnership interest. PMP, a newspaper partnership with a subsidiary of MNG, operated certain of both companies' other newspapers in Colorado, including their editorial operations.

In the second quarter of 2008, we recorded a non-cash charge of \$10 million to reduce the carrying value in PMP to its estimated fair value.

In the first quarter of 2008, we ceased publication of our Albuquerque Tribune newspaper. At the same time, we also reached an agreement with the Journal Publishing Company ("JPC"), the publisher of the Albuquerque Journal ("Journal"), to terminate the Albuquerque joint operating agreement between the Journal and our Albuquerque Tribune newspaper. Under an amended agreement with the JPC, we own an approximate 40% residual interest in the Albuquerque Publishing Company, G.P. (the "Partnership") and we pay JPC an amount equal to a portion of the editorial savings realized from ceasing publication of our newspaper. The Partnership directs and manages the operations of the continuing Journal newspaper.

7. GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill and other intangible assets consisted of the following:

| (in thousands) | | | | Septe | As of September 30, 2009 | | | As of December 31, 2008 | | | |
|--|----|------------|----|-----------|--------------------------------|----------|----|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| Goodwill | | | | \$ | _ | \$ | | 215,432 | | | |
| Other intangible assets: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Amortizable intangible assets: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Carrying amount: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Television network affiliation relationships | S | | | | 5,641 | | | 5,641 | | | |
| Customer lists | | | | | 12,469 | | | 12,794 | | | |
| Other | | | | | 6,092 | | | 6,193 | | | |
| Total carrying amount | | | | | 24,202 | _ | | 24,628 | | | |
| Accumulated amortization: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Television network affiliation relationships | 3 | | | | (1,540) | | | (1,310) | | | |
| Customer lists | | | | | (7,623) | | | (6,919) | | | |
| Other | | | | | (4,254) | | | (4,130) | | | |
| | | | | | | | | _ | | | |
| Total accumulated amortization | | | | | (13,417) | | | (12,359) | | | |
| Net amortizable intangible assets | | | | | 10,785 | | | 12,269 | | | |
| Indefinite-lived intangible assets — FCC license | es | | | | 13,195 | | | 14,195 | | | |
| Total other intangible assets | | | | | 23,980 | | | 26,464 | | | |
| Total goodwill and other intangible assets | | | | \$ | 23,980 | \$ | | 241,896 | | | |
| Activity related to goodwill by business segment w | | | т | elevision | Licensing | | | Total | | | |
| (in thousands) | N | lewspapers | | elevision | and Other | <u>-</u> | | Total | | | |
| Goodwill: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance as of December 31, 2007 | \$ | 785,621 | \$ | 215,414 | \$ | 18 | \$ | 1,001,053 | | | |
| Impairment of goodwill | | (778,900) | | _ | | — | | (778,900) | | | |
| Other adjustments | | (6,721) | | | | _ | _ | (6,721) | | | |
| Balance as of September 30, 2008 | \$ | _ | \$ | 215,414 | \$ | 18 | \$ | 215,432 | | | |

Estimated amortization expense of intangible assets for each of the next five years is expected to be \$0.4 million for the remainder of 2009, \$1.4 million in 2010, \$1.3 million in 2011, \$1.0 million in 2012, \$0.8 million in 2013, \$0.7 million in 2014 and \$5.2 million in later years.

\$

215,414

(215,414)

\$

18

(18)

\$

215,432

(215,414)

(18)

\$

Balance as of December 31, 2008

Balance as of September 30, 2009

Impairment of goodwill

Other adjustments

Due primarily to increases in the cost of capital for local media businesses and declines in our stock price and that of other publicly traded television companies during the first quarter of 2009, we determined that indications of impairment existed for our Television goodwill as of March 31, 2009. We concluded the fair value of our television reporting unit did not exceed the carrying value of our television net assets as of March 31, 2009, and we recorded a \$215 million, non-cash charge in the three months ended March 31, 2009, to reduce the carrying value of goodwill. We also recorded a \$1 million non-cash charge to reduce the carrying value of the FCC license for our Lawrence, Kansas, television station to its estimated fair value in the first quarter of 2009.

In 2008, due primarily to the continuing negative effects of the economy on our advertising revenues and those of other publishing companies, and the difference between our stock price following the spin-off of SNI to shareholders and the per share carrying value of our remaining net assets, we determined that indications of impairment existed as of June 30, 2008. We concluded the fair value of our newspaper reporting unit did not exceed the carrying value of our newspaper net assets as of June 30, 2008. We recorded a \$779 million, non-cash charge in the six months ended June 30, 2008.

Management must make significant judgments to determine fair values, including the valuation methodology and the underlying financial information used in the valuation. These judgments include, but are not limited to, long-term projections of future financial performance and the selection of appropriate discount rates used to determine the present value of future cash flows. Changes in such estimates or the application of alternative assumptions could produce significantly different results.

8. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consisted of the following:

| (in thousands) | Septe | As of September 30, 2009 | | | |
|--|-----------|--------------------------|----|-----------------|--|
| Revolving credit agreement Other notes | \$ | 28,400 1,055 | \$ | 60,000 1,166 | |
| Long-term debt (less current portion) | <u>\$</u> | 29,455 | \$ | 61,166 | |
| Fair value of long-term debt* | \$ | 29,455 | \$ | 61,166 | |

^{*} Fair value was estimated based on current rates available to the Company for debt of the same remaining maturity.

On August 5, 2009, we entered into an Amended and Restated Revolving Credit Agreement (2009 Agreement), which expires June 30, 2013. This Agreement amended and restated the Company's existing \$200 million Revolver and reduces the maximum amount of availability under the facility to \$150 million. Borrowings under the 2009 Agreement are limited to a borrowing base, as follows:

- a) 100% of cash maintained in a blocked account (up to \$20 million),
- b) 85% of eligible accounts receivable,
- c) 40% of eligible newsprint inventory, and
- d) 50% of the fair market value of eligible real property (limited to \$60 million).

At September 30, 2009, we had additional borrowing capacity of \$64 million under our Revolver.

Under the terms of the 2009 Agreement we granted the lenders mortgages on certain of the Company's real property, pledges of the Company's equity interests in its subsidiaries and security interests in substantially all other personal property, including cash, accounts receivables, inventories and equipment. If at any time, the amount of excess availability (defined as the amount by which the borrowing base exceeds the aggregate borrowings and letters of credit under the 2009 Agreement) is equal to or less than \$22.5 million, we must then maintain a fixed charge coverage ratio (as defined therein) of at least 1.1 to 1.0.

Borrowings under the 2009 Agreement bear interest at variable interest rates based on either LIBOR or a base rate, in either case plus an applicable margin that varies depending upon average excess availability. The margin for LIBOR based loans ranges from 2.75% to 3.25% per annum. The margin for base rate loans ranges from 1.75% to 2.25% per annum. The weighted-average interest rate on borrowings under the Revolver was 3.25% and 1.7% at September 30, 2009, and December 31, 2008, respectively.

Commitment fees ranging from 0.50% to 0.75% per annum (depending on utilization) of the total unused commitment are payable under the credit facility.

As of September 30, 2009, and December 31, 2008, we had outstanding letters of credit of \$9.7 million and \$8.3 million, respectively.

In October 2008, we entered into a 2-year \$30 million notional interest rate swap expiring in October 2010. We receive payments based on the 3-month LIBOR and make payments based on a fixed rate of 3.2%. We have not designated the swap as a hedge for accounting purposes. As a result, changes in the fair value of the swap are included in earnings with a corresponding adjustment to other long-term liabilities. The fair value was a \$1.0 million liability at September 30, 2009, and a \$0.8 million liability at December 31, 2008. Losses on the swap totaling \$0.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2009, are included in miscellaneous, net in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations.

9. OTHER LIABILITIES

Other liabilities consisted of the following:

| (in thousands) | Septer | | | As of eember 31, 2008 |
|--|--------|---------|----|-----------------------|
| Employee compensation and benefits | \$ | 18,736 | \$ | 22,412 |
| Liability for pension benefits | | 135,440 | | 183,631 |
| Liabilities for uncertain tax positions | | 19,325 | | 19,840 |
| Other | | 17,354 | | 19,376 |
| Other liabilities (less current portion) | \$ | 190,855 | \$ | 245,259 |

10. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

We measure certain financial assets at fair value on a recurring basis, including short-term investments and derivatives. Fair value is determined based upon three levels of inputs. The three levels that may be used to measure fair value are as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Directly or indirectly observable inputs, other than prices quoted in active markets.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs based on our own assumptions.

The following tables set forth our assets and liabilities that we measure at fair value on a recurring basis:

| | September 30, 2009 | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|--------------------|--------|----|---------|----|--------|----|--------|--|
| (in thousands) | | Total | | Level 1 | | evel 2 | L | evel 3 | |
| Assets: | | | | | | | | | |
| Short-term investments | \$ | 21,254 | \$ | 21,254 | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest rate swap | \$ | 989 | \$ | _ | \$ | 989 | \$ | _ | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | F-16 | | | | | | | |

| | December 31, 2008 | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|----|---------|----|----------|---------|---|--|--|--|
| (in thousands) | Total | | Level 1 | | evel 2 | Level 3 | | | | |
| Assets: Short-term investments | \$ 21,130 | \$ | 21,130 | \$ | <u> </u> | \$ | _ | | | |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Interest rate swap | \$ 840 | \$ | | \$ | 840 | \$ | _ | | | |

11. NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS

Individuals and other entities own a 4% noncontrolling interest in the capital stock of the subsidiary company that publishes our Memphis newspaper and a 6% noncontrolling interest in the capital stock of the subsidiary company that publishes our Evansville newspaper. We are not required to redeem the noncontrolling interests in these subsidiary companies.

Noncontrolling interest from discontinued operations included a 10% interest in Fine Living and a 30% interest in the Food Network.

A summary of the components of net income (loss) attributable to The E.W. Scripps Company shareholders is as follows:

| | Three months ended September 30, | | | | Nine months en September 3 | | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|-----------|----|----------|----------------------------|-----------|------|-----------|--|
| (in thousands) | | 2009 2008 | | 2009 | | | 2008 | | |
| Net income (loss) attributable to The E.W. Scripps Company shareholders: | | | | | | | | | |
| Loss from continuing operations, net of tax Income (loss) from discontinued operations, | \$ | (3,541) | \$ | (3,122) | \$ | (206,032) | \$ | (547,899) | |
| net of tax | | 280 | | (13,677) | | (15,676) | | 83,927 | |
| Net loss | \$ | (3,261) | \$ | (16,799) | \$ | (221,708) | \$ | (463,972) | |

12. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

We sponsor defined benefit pension plans that cover substantially all non-union and certain union-represented employees. Benefits earned by employees are generally based upon employee compensation and years of service credits.

We also have a non-qualified Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan ("SERP"). The SERP, which is unfunded, provides defined pension benefits in addition to the defined benefit pension plan to eligible participants based on average earnings, years of service and age at retirement.

Effective June 30, 2009, we froze the accrual of service credits under certain of our defined benefit pension plans that cover a majority of our employees, including our SERP. The freeze resulted in the recognition of a curtailment loss of \$4.2 million in the first quarter of 2009 and a gain of \$1.1 million in the second quarter of 2009. We also recognized a curtailment loss of \$0.9 million in 2009 related to the closure of our Denver newspaper.

We sponsor a defined contribution plan covering substantially all non-union and certain union employees. We match a portion of employees' voluntary contributions to this plan. We suspended our matching contributions in the second quarter of 2009.

Other union-represented employees participate in union-sponsored multi-employer plans.

The components of our retirement expense consisted of the following:

| | Three months ended September 30, | | | | Nine months ended September 30, | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|----------|------|----------|---------------------------------|----------|------|----------|
| (in thousands) | 2009 | | 2008 | | 2009 | | 2008 | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 759 | \$ | 3,662 | \$ | 5,282 | \$ | 13,616 |
| Interest cost | | 6,634 | | 6,847 | | 19,969 | | 21,434 |
| Expected return on plan assets, net of expenses | | (4,974) | | (7,228) | | (15,376) | | (25,226) |
| Amortization of prior service cost | | 43 | | 299 | | 334 | | 621 |
| Amortization of actuarial (gain)/loss | | 1,270 | | 613 | | 7,701 | | 1,187 |
| Curtailment loss | | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | | 5,111 | | |
| Total for defined benefit plans | | 3,732 | | 4,193 | | 23,021 | | 11,632 |
| Multi-employer plans | | 260 | | 172 | | 579 | | 533 |
| SERP | | 349 | | 874 | | 242 | | 5,032 |
| Defined contribution plans | | <u> </u> | | 1,379 | | 1,316 | | 6,160 |
| Net periodic benefit cost | | 4,341 | | 6,618 | | 25,158 | | 23,357 |
| Allocated to discontinued operations | | (57) | | (44) | | (1,898) | | (6,522) |
| Net periodic benefit cost — continuing operations | \$ | 4,284 | \$ | 6,574 | \$ | 23,260 | \$ | 16,835 |

We have met the minimum funding requirements of our qualified defined benefit pension plans. During the first three quarters of 2009, we contributed \$0.3 million to our defined benefit plans.

We contributed \$3.7 million to fund current benefit payments for our non-qualified SERP plan during the first three quarters of 2009. We anticipate contributing an additional \$4 million to fund benefit payments during the remainder of 2009.

In the quarter ended March 31, 2009, we completed the December 31, 2008, actuarial valuation of our defined benefit pension plan obligations, including final demographic information and updated assumptions related to future salaries reflecting the pay and bonus decreases implemented in the first quarter. We also finalized the split of plan assets with SNI in the first quarter of 2009. The changes in actuarial assumptions and plan assets reduced our pension liability and accumulated comprehensive loss by \$23.4 million.

We remeasured our plan assets and liabilities in the second quarter of 2009, reflecting the freezing of benefit accruals under the plans. The actuarial assumptions used to remeasure the plan assets and liabilities were substantially the same as those used in the December 31, 2008, measurement, except for an increase in the discount rate to 7%. The remeasurement reduced our pension liabilities and accumulated comprehensive loss by \$36 million.

13. SEGMENT INFORMATION

We determine our business segments based upon our management and internal reporting structure. Our reportable segments are strategic businesses that offer different products and services.

Our newspaper business segment includes daily and community newspapers in 13 markets in the U.S. Newspapers earn revenue primarily from the sale of advertising to local and national advertisers and from the sale of newspapers to readers.

Prior to ceasing publication, our Albuquerque newspaper operated pursuant to the terms of a joint operating agreement. The newspaper maintained an independent editorial operation and received a share of the operating profits of the combined newspaper operations. We continue to maintain our ownership interest in the Albuquerque partnership; however, we do not include the equity earnings of the partnership in segment profit after publication of the newspaper ceased.

Television includes six ABC-affiliated stations, three NBC-affiliated stations and one independent station. Our television stations reach approximately 10% of the nation's television households. Television stations earn revenue primarily from the sale of advertising to local and national advertisers.

Licensing and other media primarily include licensing of worldwide copyrights relating to "Peanuts," "Dilbert" and other properties for use on numerous products, including plush toys, greeting cards and apparel, for promotional purposes and for exhibit on television and other media syndication of news features and comics and other features for the newspaper industry.

The accounting policies of each of our business segments are those described in Note 1 in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008.

We allocate a portion of certain corporate costs and expenses, including information technology, pensions and other employee benefits, and other shared services, to our business segments. The allocations are generally amounts agreed upon by management, which may differ from an arms-length amount. Corporate assets are primarily cash, cash equivalents and other short-term investments, property and equipment primarily used for corporate purposes, and deferred income taxes.

Our chief operating decision maker evaluates the operating performance of our business segments and makes decisions about the allocation of resources to our business segments using a measure we call segment profit. Segment profit excludes interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization, impairment charges, divested operating units, restructuring activities, investment results and certain other items that are included in net income (loss) determined in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Information regarding our business segments is as follows:

| | | Three months ended September 30, | | | Nine months ended September 30, | | | |
|---|----|----------------------------------|----|----------|------------------------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| (in thousands) | | 2009 | | 2008 | | 2009 | | 2008 |
| Segment operating revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Newspapers | \$ | 104,397 | \$ | 131,103 | \$ | 338,031 | \$ | 431,135 |
| JOA and newspaper partnerships | | _ | | 25 | | _ | | 74 |
| Television | | 59,782 | | 76,919 | | 181,286 | | 233,458 |
| Licensing and other | | 22,222 | | 22,185 | | 65,610 | | 71,645 |
| Corporate and shared services | | | | 13 | | | | 456 |
| Total operating revenues | \$ | 186,401 | \$ | 230,245 | \$ | 584,927 | \$ | 736,768 |
| Segment profit (loss): | | | | | | | | |
| Newspapers | \$ | 10,875 | \$ | 14,001 | \$ | 29,252 | \$ | 58,625 |
| JOA and newspaper partnerships | | _ | | 268 | | (211) | | (813) |
| Television | | 3,057 | | 16,966 | | 5,493 | | 49,441 |
| Licensing and other | | 3,150 | | 1,547 | | 8,173 | | 6,088 |
| Corporate and shared services | | (8,040) | | (6,458) | | (22,027) | | (35,456) |
| Depreciation and amortization | | (10,907) | | (11,947) | | (33,415) | | (34,517) |
| Impairment of goodwill and indefinite-lived | | | | | | | | |
| assets | | _ | | — | | (216,413) | | (778,900) |
| Equity earnings in newspaper partnership | | 587 | | 599 | | 1,011 | | 3,453 |
| Gains (losses) on disposal of property, plant and | | | | | | | | |
| equipment | | 130 | | (17) | | (227) | | 2,244 |
| Interest expense | | (1,149) | | | | (1,558) | | (10,547) |
| Separation and restructuring costs | | (1,221) | | (22,020) | | (4,155) | | (31,629) |
| Write-down of investment in newspaper | | | | | | | | |
| partnership | | | | _ | | _ | | (10,000) |
| Losses on repurchases of debt | | _ | | _ | | _ | | (26,380) |
| Miscellaneous, net | | 270 | | (508) | | (988) | | 7,136 |
| Loss from continuing operations before income | | | | | | | | |
| taxes | \$ | (3,248) | \$ | (7,569) | \$ | (235,065) | \$ | (801,255) |
| Depreciation: | | | | | | | | |
| Newspapers | \$ | 5,715 | \$ | 5,517 | \$ | 17,026 | \$ | 16,327 |
| JOA and newspaper partnerships | Ψ | <i>5,115</i> | Ψ | 305 | Ψ | 17,020 | Ψ | 916 |
| Television | | 4,305 | | 4,788 | | 13,399 | | 13,925 |
| Licensing and other | | 312 | | 242 | | 949 | | 478 |
| Corporate and shared services | | 193 | | 285 | | 556 | | 460 |
| Total depreciation | \$ | 10,525 | \$ | 11,137 | \$ | 31,930 | \$ | 32,106 |
| Total depreciation | Ψ | 10,323 | Ψ | 11,137 | Ψ | 31,930 | Φ | 32,100 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Amortization of intangibles: | Ф | 207 | Ф | 505 | Ф | 1 224 | Ф | 1.562 |
| Newspapers | \$ | 297 | \$ | 525 | \$ | 1,234 | \$ | 1,563 |
| Television | _ | 85 | _ | 285 | _ | 251 | _ | 848 |
| Total amortization of intangibles | \$ | 382 | \$ | 810 | \$ | 1,485 | \$ | 2,411 |
| Additions to property, plant and equipment: | | | | | | | | |
| N | ¢. | 11.004 | ф | 1 4 47 4 | ф | 24.060 | Φ | 20.005 |
| Newspapers | \$ | 11,804 | \$ | 14,474 | \$ | 34,069 | \$ | 39,895 |
| JOA and newspaper partnerships | | 17 | | 1 | | 17 | | 31 |
| Television | | 3,677 | | 5,654 | | 5,156 | | 16,675 |
| Licensing and other | | 30 | | 270 | | 327 | | 1,538 |
| Corporate and shared services | Φ. | 43 | Φ. | 3,421 | Φ. | 138 | * | 3,583 |
| Total additions to property, plant and equipment | \$ | 15,571 | \$ | 23,820 | \$ | 39,707 | \$ | 61,722 |

No single customer provides more than 10% of our revenue. We also earn international revenues from the licensing of comic characters.

14. COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

Comprehensive loss consists of the following:

| | Three months ended September 30, | | | | Nine months ended September 30, | | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|---------|----|----------|---------------------------------|-----------|----|-----------|--|
| (in thousands) | | 2009 | | 2008 | 2009 | | | 2008 | |
| Net loss | \$ | (3,261) | \$ | (16,732) | \$ | (221,855) | \$ | (417,171) | |
| Unrealized gains (losses) on investments, net of tax of \$79 | | _ | | _ | | _ | | (682) | |
| Adjustment for gains in income on investments, net of tax of \$1,968 | | _ | | _ | | _ | | (3,655) | |
| Amortization of prior service costs, actuarial losses, and transition obligations, net of tax of \$(807), \$(206), \$(4,844) and \$(962) | | 1,374 | | 743 | | 8,248 | | 2,081 | |
| Pension liability adjustment, net of tax of \$(63) and \$(21,672) | | 168 | | — | | 35,150 | | 2,001 | |
| Equity in investee's adjustments for pension, net of tax of \$28 and \$89 | | _ | | (67) | | _ | | (162) | |
| Currency translation adjustment, net of tax of \$0, \$0, \$0 and \$307 | | 71 | | 3 | | (30) | | (40) | |
| Total comprehensive loss | \$ | (1,648) | \$ | (16,053) | \$ | (178,487) | \$ | (419,629) | |

There were no material items of other comprehensive loss for the noncontrolling interest.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The condensed consolidated financial statements and condensed notes to the consolidated financial statements are the basis for our discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations. You should read this discussion in conjunction with those financial statements. Unless otherwise noted, comparisons are to the 2008 quarter and year-to-date periods.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain forward-looking statements related to our businesses are included in this discussion. Those forward-looking statements reflect our current expectations. Forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks, trends and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from the expectations expressed in the forward-looking statements. Such risks, trends and uncertainties, which in most instances are beyond our control, include changes in advertising demand and other economic conditions; consumers' tastes; newsprint prices; program costs; labor relations; technological developments; competitive pressures; interest rates; regulatory rulings; and reliance on third-party vendors for various products and services. The words "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "intend" and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. You should evaluate our forward-looking statements, which are as of the date of this filing, with the understanding of their inherent uncertainty. We undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date the statements.

EXECUTIVE OVERVIEW

On July 1, 2008, we distributed all of the shares of Scripps Networks Interactive, Inc. ("SNI") to the shareholders of record as of the close of business on June 16, 2008 (the "Record Date"). SNI included the assets and liabilities of the Scripps Networks and Interactive Media businesses. The separation into two independent publicly traded companies allows management of each company to focus on the respective opportunities of each company and pursue specific strategies based on the distinct characteristics of the two companies' local and national media businesses.

Our portfolio of local media properties includes: daily and community newspapers in 13 markets and the Washington-based Scripps Media Center, home to the Scripps Howard News Service; 10 television stations, including six ABC-affiliated stations, three NBC affiliates and one independent; and United Media, a leading worldwide licensing and syndication company that is the home of PEANUTS, DILBERT and approximately 150 other features and comics.

Our local media businesses derive the majority of their revenues from advertising. Operating results have been significantly affected by the current economic recession and by the secular declines in classified advertising as many traditional newspaper advertising products migrate to the Internet. We have undertaken a number of initiatives to reduce the operating costs of our local media businesses, including reductions in the number of employees and reductions in employee compensation and benefits. Among other things, we have reduced base pay, suspended our match of employees' contributions to the Company's defined contribution savings and retirement plans effective April 2009, eliminated for 2009 substantially all bonuses (for bonus-eligible employees), and froze the accrual of service credits under defined benefit pension plans covering a majority of employees. Our focus is to align the cost structure of our local media businesses with the revenue opportunities in their local markets, and to improve the share of the local advertising dollars in those markets.

We ceased operations of the Rocky Mountain News after publication of its final edition on February 27, 2009, after an unsuccessful search for a buyer. Under the terms of an agreement with MediaNews Group ("MNG"), we transferred to MNG our interests in the Denver Newspaper Agency ("DNA") and Prairie Mountain Publishing ("PMP") in August 2009.

Outstanding borrowings under our revolving credit facility totaled \$28 million as of September 30, 2009. Cash and short-term investments were \$32 million. We believe our low level of debt and level of cash and short-term investments provides us with the ability to position our local media businesses for growth on the other side of the current recession. However, to protect our financial flexibility we have undertaken a number of measures to conserve cash, including reducing capital expenditures and suspending our quarterly dividend.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") requires us to make a variety of decisions that affect reported amounts and related disclosures. Those decisions include selecting appropriate accounting principles and selecting assumptions on which to base accounting estimates. In reaching such decisions, we apply judgment based on our understanding and analysis of the relevant circumstances, including our historical experience, actuarial studies and other assumptions. We are committed to incorporating accounting principles, assumptions and estimates that promote the representational faithfulness, verifiability, neutrality and transparency of the accounting information included in the financial statements.

Note 1 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K describes the significant accounting policies we have selected for use in the preparation of our financial statements and related disclosures. An accounting policy is deemed to be critical if it requires an accounting estimate to be made based on assumptions about matters that are highly uncertain at the time the estimate is made, and if different estimates that reasonably could have been used or changes in estimates that are likely to occur could materially change the financial statements. We believe the accounting for Acquisitions, Goodwill and Other Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets, Income Taxes and Pension Plans to be our most critical accounting policies and estimates. A detailed description of these accounting policies is included in the Critical Accounting Policies section of Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008.

There have been no significant changes in those accounting policies or other significant accounting policies.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The trends and underlying economic conditions affecting the operating performance and future prospects differ for each of our business segments. Accordingly, you should read the following discussion of our consolidated results of operations in conjunction with the discussion of the operating performance of our business segments.

Consolidated Results of Operations

Consolidated results of operations were as follows:

| | | Quarter Period | | | Year-to-date | |
|---|-------------|----------------|----------------------|---------------------|--------------|--------------|
| (in thousands, except per share data) | 2009 | Change | 2008 | 2009 | Change | 2008 |
| | | | | | | |
| Operating revenues | \$ 186,401 | (19.0)% | \$ 230,245 | \$ 584,927 | (20.6)% | \$ 736,768 |
| Costs and expenses less separation | (4 == 0 =0) | (12.0)0(| (202.071) | (5(1001) | (4.4.1)0/ | (550.050) |
| and restructuring costs | (177,358) | (13.0)% | (203,971) | | (14.4)% | (658,829) |
| Separation and restructuring costs | (1,221) | (94.5)% | (22,020) | (4,155) | (86.9)% | (31,629) |
| Depreciation and amortization | (10,907) | (8.7)% | (11,947) | (33,415) | (3.2)% | (34,517) |
| Impairment of goodwill and | | | | | | |
| indefinite-lived assets | _ | | _ | (216,413) | | (778,900) |
| Gains (losses) on disposal of property, | | | | | | |
| plant and equipment | 130 | | (17) | (227) | | 2,244 |
| | | | | | | |
| Operating loss | (2,955) | | (7,710) | (233,317) | | (764,863) |
| Interest expense | (1,149) | | _ | (1,558) | | (10,547) |
| Equity in earnings of JOAs and other | | | | | | |
| joint ventures | 586 | | 649 | 798 | | 3,399 |
| Write-down of investment in | | | | | | |
| newspaper partnership | | | | _ | | (10,000) |
| Losses on repurchases of debt | _ | | | | | (26,380) |
| Miscellaneous, net | 270 | | (508) | (988) | | 7,136 |
| | | | | | | |
| Loss from continuing operations | | | | | | |
| before income taxes | (3,248) | | (7,569) | (235,065) | | (801,255) |
| Benefit (provision) for income taxes | (293) | | 4,514 | 28,886 | | 253,457 |
| u , | | | | , | | , |
| Loss from continuing operations | (3,541) | | (3,055) | (206,179) | | (547,798) |
| Income (loss) from discontinued | (5,5 .1) | | (5,000) | (200,175) | | (0.17,750) |
| operations, net of tax | 280 | | (13,677) | (15,676) | | 130,627 |
| operations, net of an | | | (13,077) | (12,070) | | 150,027 |
| Net loss | (3,261) | | (16,732) | (221,855) | | (417,171) |
| Net income (loss) attributable to | (3,201) | | (10,732) | (221,033) | | (417,171) |
| noncontrolling interests | | | 67 | (147) | | 46,801 |
| noncontrolling interests | | | | (147) | | 40,001 |
| No. 1 | | | | | | |
| Net loss attributable to the | | | | | | |
| shareholders of The E.W. Scripps | e (2.2(1) | | e (17,700) | e (221.700) | | e (4(2,072) |
| Company | \$ (3,261) | | \$ (16,799) | <u>\$ (221,708)</u> | | \$ (463,972) |
| | | | | | | |
| Net income (loss) per basic share of | | | | | | |
| common stock attributable to the | | | | | | |
| shareholders of The E.W. Scripps | | | | | | |
| Company: | | | | | | |
| Loss from continuing operations | \$ (.07) | | \$ (.06) | \$ (3.83) | | \$ (10.10) |
| Income (loss) from discontinued | | | | | | |
| operations | .01 | | (.25) | (.29) | | 1.55 |
| Net loss per basic share of common | | | | | | |
| stock | \$ (.06) | | \$ (.31) | \$ (4.13) | | \$ (8.55) |
| | (.00) | | \$ (.51) | y (1.13) | | (0.23) |

Continuing Operations

Operating results for the third quarter and year-to-date periods include a number of items that affect comparisons of the 2009 periods to the 2008 periods. The most significant of these items are as follows:

• In the first quarter of 2009, we recorded \$216 million in impairment charges to write-down the value of our Television goodwill and certain FCC licenses. In the second quarter of 2008, we recorded \$789 million in impairment charges to write-down our Newspaper goodwill and the carrying value of our share in the Colorado newspaper partnership. See Note 7 to the Condensed Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

- Costs incurred to restructure our operations, to complete the distribution of SNI to shareholders, and to separate and install separate information systems after the distribution, were \$1.2 million for the third quarter (\$4.2 million year-to-date) in 2009 and \$22.0 million for the third quarter (\$31.6 million year-to-date) in 2008. The 2008 quarter and year-to-date cost includes a \$19.6 million non-cash charge for the impact of the modification of share-based compensation awards.
- In the 2008 year-to-date period, we redeemed our outstanding notes prior to the distribution of SNI to shareholders, incurring a \$26.4 million loss.
- In the 2008 year-to-date period, we realized \$7.5 million in gains upon the sale of certain investments.

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The U.S. economic recession continued to affect operating revenues in the third quarter of 2009, leading to lower advertising volumes and rate weakness in all of our local markets. Our local media businesses derive much of their advertising revenues from the retail, real estate, employment and automotive categories, sectors that have been particularly weak during this recession.

Excluding \$3.1 million in costs associated with freezing the accrual of pension benefits and separation and restructuring charges, costs and expenses declined by \$27 million in the third quarter and \$98 million year-to-date. We have reduced employees in our newspaper and television divisions by approximately 14% in the aggregate in the past 12 months. The reduction is due to both attrition and the 2008 fourth quarter reduction in force at our newspaper division. We have also taken actions to reduce employee pay and benefits through the first nine months of 2009. The combined effects of the reduction in the number of employees and reductions in pay and benefits led to a \$12 million decrease in employee compensation and benefits in the third quarter and \$54 million year-to-date. Compensation decreases include a 5% temporary pay reduction for virtually all exempt employees for portions of the second and third quarter of 2009. Newsprint costs declined by \$7.5 million in the quarter as consumption decreased by 30% and the average price per ton decreased by 33%. Year-to-date newsprint costs declined by \$15.7 million due to a 33% decline in consumption and a 3% decrease in newsprint prices.

Lower borrowings following the distribution of SNI led to the decline in interest expense in the year-to-date periods. Interest expense was higher in the third quarter of 2009 compared to 2008. We ceased capitalization of interest upon completion of the construction of our Naples, Fla., newspaper facility.

The effective income tax rate was 12.3% and 31.6% for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively and 9.0% and 59.6% in the quarter-to-date periods. Non-deductible charges related to the distribution of SNI and non-deductible goodwill impairment charges are the primary factors in the changes in the effective income tax rate.

Business Segment Results

Information regarding the operating performance of our business segments and a reconciliation of such information to the consolidated financial statements is as follows:

| | | Quarter Period | | | Year-to-date | |
|-------------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| (in thousands) | 2009 | Change | 2008 | 2009 | Change | 2008 |
| | | | | | | |
| Segment operating revenues: | | | | | | |
| Newspapers | \$ 104,397 | (20.4)% | \$ 131,103 | \$ 338,031 | (21.6)% | \$ 431,135 |
| JOA and newspaper | | | | | | _, |
| partnerships | | (22.2)2/ | 25 | _ | (22.2)2/ | 74 |
| Television | 59,782 | (22.3)% | 76,919 | 181,286 | (22.3)% | 233,458 |
| Licensing and other | 22,222 | 0.2% | 22,185 | 65,610 | (8.4)% | 71,645 |
| Corporate and shared | | | | | | |
| services | | | 13 | | | 456 |
| | | | | | | |
| Total operating revenues | \$ 186,401 | (19.0)% | \$ 230,245 | \$ 584,927 | (20.6)% | \$ 736,768 |
| | | | | | | |
| Segment profit (loss): | | | | | | |
| Newspapers | \$ 10,875 | (22.3)% | \$ 14,001 | \$ 29,252 | (50.1)% | \$ 58,625 |
| JOA and newspaper | | | | | | |
| partnerships | | | 268 | (211) | (74.0)% | (813) |
| Television | 3,057 | (82.0)% | 16,966 | 5,493 | (88.9)% | 49,441 |
| Licensing and other | 3,150 | | 1,547 | 8,173 | 34.2% | 6,088 |
| Corporate and shared | | | | | | |
| services | (8,040) | | (6,458) | (22,027) | | (35,456) |
| | | | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | (10,907) | | (11,947) | (33,415) | | (34,517) |
| Impairment of goodwill and | | | | | | |
| indefinite-lived assets | - | | _ | (216,413) | | (778,900) |
| Equity earnings in newspaper | | | | | | |
| partnership | 587 | | 599 | 1,011 | | 3,453 |
| Gains (losses) on disposal of | | | | | | |
| property, plant and | | | | (a.a.=) | | |
| equipment | 130 | | (17) | (227) | | 2,244 |
| Interest expense | (1,149) | | _ | (1,558) | | (10,547) |
| Separation and restructuring | (1.001) | | (22.020) | (4.155) | | (21 (22) |
| costs | (1,221) | | (22,020) | (4,155) | | (31,629) |
| Write-down of investment in | | | | | | (10.000) |
| newspaper partnership | | | | <u> </u> | | (10,000) |
| Losses on repurchases of debt | 270 | | (500) | (000) | | (26,380) |
| Miscellaneous, net | 270 | | (508) | (988) | | 7,136 |
| I are from anti | | | | | | |
| Loss from continuing | | | | | | |
| operations before income | ¢ (2.249) | | ¢ (7.5(0) | ¢ (225.065) | | ¢ (001.255) |
| taxes | \$ (3,248) | | \$ (7,569) | \$ (235,065) | | \$ (801,255) |

Newspapers

We operate daily and community newspapers in 13 markets in the U.S. Our newspapers earn revenue primarily from the sale of advertising to local and national advertisers and from the sale of newspapers to readers. Our newspapers operate in mid-size markets, focusing on news coverage within their local markets. Advertising and circulation revenues provide substantially all of each newspaper's operating revenues, and employee, distribution and newsprint costs are the primary expenses at each newspaper. Local and national economic conditions, particularly within the retail, labor, housing and auto markets, affect our newspaper operating performance.

Operating results for our newspaper business were as follows:

| | | Quarter Period | | Year-to-date | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|--------------|----------|-----------|--|--|
| (in thousands) | 2009 | Change 2008 | | 2009 | Change | 2008 | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Segment operating revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Local | \$ 21,490 | (26.5)% | \$ 29,230 | \$ 71,656 | (26.3)% | \$ 97,228 | | |
| Classified | 22,312 | (35.6)% | 34,644 | 73,096 | (37.6)% | 117,078 | | |
| National | 4,937 | (17.4)% | 5,975 | 15,953 | (23.1)% | 20,744 | | |
| Online | 7,278 | (19.7)% | 9,058 | 21,928 | (23.9)% | 28,800 | | |
| Preprint and other | 17,263 | (20.6)% | 21,739 | 55,810 | (18.9)% | 68,851 | | |
| • | | | | | | | | |
| Newspaper advertising | 73,280 | (27.2)% | 100,646 | 238,443 | (28.3)% | 332,701 | | |
| Circulation | 27,309 | 2.8% | 26,576 | 86,511 | 1.7% | 85,079 | | |
| Other | 3,808 | (1.9)% | 3,881 | 13,077 | (2.1)% | 13,355 | | |
| | | | | <u> </u> | | | | |
| Total operating revenues | 104,397 | (20.4)% | 131,103 | 338,031 | (21.6)% | 431,135 | | |
| Total operating revenues | 101,377 | (20.1)/0 | 131,103 | 330,031 | (21.0)/0 | 131,133 | | |
| Segment costs and expenses: | | | | | | | | |
| Employee compensation | | | | | | | | |
| and benefits | 49,608 | (14.8)% | 58,257 | 160,322 | (14.9)% | 188,410 | | |
| Production and distribution | 24,904 | (29.8)% | 35,464 | 87,693 | (21.7)% | 112,005 | | |
| Other segment costs and | 24,704 | (27.0)/0 | 33,404 | 67,075 | (21.7)/0 | 112,003 | | |
| expenses | 19,010 | (18.7)% | 23,381 | 60,764 | (15.7)% | 72,095 | | |
| expenses | 17,010 | (10.7)/0 | 25,361 | 00,704 | (13.7)/0 | 12,093 | | |
| Total costs and expenses | 93,522 | (20.1)% | 117,102 | 308,779 | (17.1)% | 372,510 | | |
| Total costs and expenses | 95,322 | (20.1)/0 | 117,102 | | (17.1)/0 | 372,310 | | |
| Contribution to gooment profit | \$ 10.875 | (22.2)0/ | ¢ 14.001 | \$ 29 252 | (50.1)0/ | ¢ 50.635 | | |
| Contribution to segment profit | \$ 10,875 | (22.3)% | \$ 14,001 | \$ 29,252 | (50.1)% | \$ 58,625 | | |

Revenues

The U.S. economic recession continued to affect operating revenues in the third quarter, leading to lower advertising volume and rate weakness in all of our local markets. Our newspaper business derives much of its advertising revenues from the retail, real estate, employment and automotive categories, sectors that have been particularly weak during this recession. The decline in online ad revenue is attributable to the weakness in print classified advertising, to which most of the online advertising is tied. Revenue from pure-play advertisers, who purchase ads only on the Company's newspaper Web sites, rose 38% in the quarter and 29% year to date. We have pursued strategic partnerships with Yahoo! and zillow.com to garner larger shares of local online advertising.

Increases in circulation rates offset declines in circulation volume.

Operating costs and expenses

Changes in pension costs affect year-over-year comparisons of employee compensation and benefits. Pension costs remained relatively flat in the quarter and increased by \$6.7 million in the first nine months of the year. Pension costs in the first nine months of the year include \$2.4 million in curtailment charges related to the benefit accrual freeze in plans covering a majority of our newspaper employees. Excluding pension costs, employee compensation and benefits decreased by 16% in the quarter and 19% year-to-date. Attrition and the reduction-in-force implemented in the fourth quarter of 2008 resulted in an approximate 19% decrease in employees in the third quarter year over year. In addition, during the first nine months of the year we eliminated bonuses and reduced employee pay. Third quarter 2008 employee costs include a \$3.0 million adjustment to reduce our liability for self-insured health care claims.

Newsprint costs declined by \$7.5 million in the quarter as consumption decreased by 30% and the average price per ton decreased by 33%. Year-to-date newsprint costs declined by \$15.7 million due to a 33% decline in consumption and a 3% decrease in newsprint prices.

Television

Television includes six ABC-affiliated stations, three NBC-affiliated stations and one independent station. Our television stations reach approximately 10% of the nation's television households. Our television stations earn revenue primarily from the sale of advertising time to local and national advertisers.

National television networks offer affiliates a variety of programs and sell the majority of advertising within those programs. We receive compensation from the network for carrying its programming. In addition to network programs, we broadcast locally produced programs, syndicated programs, sporting events, and other programs of interest in each station's market. News is the primary focus of our locally produced programming.

The operating performance of our television group is most affected by the health of the national and local economies, particularly conditions within the services, automotive and retail categories, and by the volume of advertising time purchased by campaigns for elective office and political issues. The demand for political advertising is significantly higher in even-numbered years.

Operating results for television were as follows:

| | | Quarter Period | | Year-to-date | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|----------------|-----------|---------------------|----------|---------------------------|--|--|
| (in thousands) | 2009 | Change 2008 | | 2009 | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | | |
| Segment operating revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Local | \$ 35,955 | (15.1)% | \$ 42,350 | \$ 108,925 | (21.4)% | \$ 138,519 | | |
| National | 16,064 | (17.8)% | 19,539 | 51,328 | (21.6)% | 65,493 | | |
| Political | 1,651 | (84.0)% | 10,293 | 2,161 | (85.6)% | 14,968 | | |
| Network compensation | 1,927 | 3.9% | 1,854 | 5,926 | 1.0% | 5,870 | | |
| Other | 4,185 | 45.2% | 2,883 | 12,946 | 50.4% | 8,608 | | |
| | <u> </u> | | | | | <u> </u> | | |
| Total segment operating | | | | | | | | |
| revenues | 59,782 | (22.3)% | 76,919 | 181,286 | (22.3)% | 233,458 | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Segment costs and expenses: | | | | | | | | |
| Employee compensation | | | | | | | | |
| and benefits | 30,372 | (5.4)% | 32,097 | 94,180 | (5.0)% | 99,174 | | |
| Programs and program | , | | , | , | () | , | | |
| licenses | 13,228 | 10.6% | 11,957 | 39,104 | 11.9% | 34,931 | | |
| Production and distribution | 3,230 | (21.4)% | 4,111 | 9,865 | (21.1)% | 12,499 | | |
| Other segment costs and | -, | (') | , | - , | (,),,, | , | | |
| expenses | 9,895 | (16.1)% | 11,788 | 32,644 | (12.7)% | 37,413 | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Total segment costs and | | | | | | | | |
| expenses | 56,725 | (5.4)% | 59,953 | 175,793 | (4.5)% | 184,017 | | |
| emp emoco | | (3.1)/0 | 27,733 | | (1.5)/0 | 101,017 | | |
| Segment profit | \$ 3,057 | (82.0)% | \$ 16,966 | \$ 5,493 | (88.9)% | \$ 49,441 | | |
| Segment pront | Ψ 3,037 | (02.0)/0 | Ψ 10,700 | $\psi = J_{3} + JJ$ | (00.7)/0 | $\psi = \pm 2, \pm \pm 1$ | | |

Revenues

The decrease in the local and national revenue was largely attributable to reduced spending by advertisers in the automotive, financial services and retail categories. As is common for this stage of the election cycle, there was only minor political spending in the 2009 periods, compared with the prior year that included primaries for races at the local, state and national levels. Political revenues were \$26 million for the fourth quarter of 2008.

Costs and expenses

Changes in pension costs affect year-over-year comparisons of employee compensation and benefits. Pension costs decreased by \$1 million in the quarter and increased by \$1.4 million in the first nine months of the year. Pension costs in the nine months of the year include \$1.1 million in curtailment charges related to the benefit accrual freeze in plans covering a majority of our television employees. Excluding pension costs, employee compensation and benefits decreased by 2% in the quarter and 7% year-to-date. During the first nine months of the year, we eliminated bonuses and reduced employee pay, including temporary pay reductions for certain exempt employees of up to 5% during the second and third quarter.

The cost of programs and program licenses increased due primarily to higher costs for syndicated programs in certain of our markets under the terms of long-term licensing arrangements.

Licensing and Other

Licensing and other primarily includes syndication and licensing of news features and comics. Under the trade name United Media, we distribute news and opinion columns, comics and other features for the newspaper industry.

United Media owns and licenses worldwide copyrights relating to "Peanuts," "Dilbert" and other properties for use on numerous products, including plush toys, greeting cards and apparel, for promotional purposes and for exhibit on television and other media. We continue syndication of previously published "Peanuts" strips and retain the rights to license the characters. "Peanuts" provides approximately 95% of our licensing revenues.

Merchandise, literary and exhibition licensing revenues are generally a negotiated percentage of the licensee's sales. We generally negotiate a fixed fee for the use of our copyrighted characters for promotional and advertising purposes. We generally pay a percentage of gross syndication and licensing royalties to the creators of these properties.

We also represent the owners of other copyrights and trademarks in the U.S. and international markets. Services offered include negotiation and enforcement of licensing agreements and collection of royalties. We typically retain a percentage of the licensing royalties.

Operating results for licensing and other were as follows:

| | | Quarter Period | | Year-to-date | | | | |
|--|-----------|----------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|--|--|
| (in thousands) | 2009 | Change | Change 2008 | | 2009 Change | | | |
| Segment operating revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Licensing | \$ 17,330 | 4.6% | \$ 16,569 | \$ 48,984 | (6.6)% | \$ 52,469 | | |
| Feature syndication | 4,196 | (4.3)% | 4,384 | 12,526 | (7.2)% | 13,503 | | |
| Other | 696 | (43.5)% | 1,232 | 4,100 | (27.7)% | 5,673 | | |
| Total segment operating | | | | | | | | |
| revenues | 22,222 | 0.2% | 22,185 | 65,610 | (8.4)% | 71,645 | | |
| Segment costs and expenses: | | | | | | | | |
| Employee compensation and benefits | 4,196 | (9.0)% | 4,612 | 13,273 | (10.3)% | 14,799 | | |
| Author royalties and agent commissions | 11,445 | (1.2)% | 11,584 | 32,598 | (12.4)% | 37,204 | | |
| Other segment costs and expenses | 3,431 | (22.8)% | 4,442 | 11,566 | (14.7)% | 13,554 | | |
| Total segment costs and expenses | 19,072 | (7.6)% | 20,638 | 57,437 | (12.4)% | 65,557 | | |
| Segment profit | \$ 3,150 | | \$ 1,547 | \$ 8,173 | 34.2% | \$ 6,088 | | |

Revenues

Worldwide economic conditions continue to affect our operating revenues in 2009, as reduced consumer spending has resulted in lower sales of licensed merchandise at retail. An increase in film-and promotion-related license fees during the quarter drove the year over year improvement in licensing revenue. Economic conditions within the newspaper industry have resulted in reduced sales of syndicated features.

Costs and expenses

Employee compensation and benefits decreased due to the implementation of salary and bonus reductions for management employees. The decline in other costs was due primarily to lower marketing expenditures during the quarter.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our primary source of liquidity is our cash flow from operating activities. We finance our investments in and expand our portfolio of local media businesses, repay debt and return cash to our shareholders primarily from our cash flow from operating activities.

Cash flow from continuing operating activities for the nine months ended 2009 increased by \$40 million compared to last year. We received \$16 million from SNI for the reimbursement of taxes we paid in 2008 on income attributable to SNI for periods prior to the spin-off. We expect to realize approximately \$44 million of our deferred tax assets in 2009 and 2010, either through deductions on our 2009 and 2010 tax returns, or through refunds of taxes paid in prior years. During the first nine months of 2009, we received \$28 million of Federal refundable taxes. Income taxes receivable are primarily balances for tax losses incurred to date in 2009 and balances for the carryback of 2008 and prior losses. We will carry back losses incurred in 2009 against taxes paid in prior years when we file our 2009 tax return. Included in miscellaneous current assets at September 30, 2009, is an \$11 million receivable from SNI for the estimated balance due for their portion of taxes for the 2008 year. The final amount will be determined in the fourth quarter of 2009 when we file certain state tax returns for the 2008 tax year.

To improve the company's financial flexibility we have suspended our quarterly dividend and have undertaken a variety of cost-saving measures, including elimination of bonuses, pay reductions, suspension of our matching contributions to our defined contribution retirement and savings plan, and freezing the accrual of benefits under our defined benefit pension plans.

We have met our funding requirements for our defined benefit pension plans under the provisions of the Pension Funding Equity Act of 2004 and the Pension Protection Act of 2006. We expect to contribute \$4 million to the plans in the last quarter of the year for SERP benefits. We may make voluntary contributions to our plans as financial flexibility permits.

Capital expenditures in the first nine months of 2009 were \$40 million, down from \$62 million in the prior year. Capital expenditures in the nine months of 2009 related to the Naples, Fla., newspaper facility totaled approximately \$31 million. We completed the construction of this facility in the third quarter of 2009. We will make additional payments of approximately \$7 million through the first quarter of 2010. We expect capital expenditures for 2009, excluding capital to complete construction of the Naples facility, will total \$10 million in 2009, down from \$48 million in 2008.

We believe that our low debt level is a competitive advantage during these difficult financial times. At September 30, 2009, we had drawn \$28 million under our Revolving Credit Agreement, and had cash and short-term investments of \$32 million. During the first nine months of 2009, we paid down \$32 million under our credit facilities. The balance of cash and short-term investments increased by \$5 million.

On August 5, 2009, we entered into an Amended and Restated Revolving Credit Agreement (2009 Agreement), which expires June 30, 2013. This Agreement amends and restates the Company's existing \$200 million Revolver and reduces the maximum amount of availability under the facility to \$150 million. The amended agreement is secured by certain of our assets and removes the earnings-based leverage covenant. Details of the 2009 Agreement are included in Note 8 to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. At September 30, 2009, we had additional borrowing capacity of \$64 million under our Revolver.

We expect our cash flow from operating activities and available borrowings under our amended credit agreement will be sufficient to meet our operating and capital needs.

We continually evaluate our assets to determine if they remain a strategic fit and, given our business and the financial performance outlook, make sense to continue to be part of our portfolio.

QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Economic conditions, interest rate changes, changes in foreign currency exchange rates and changes in the price of newsprint affect our earnings and cash flow. Our objectives in managing interest rate risk are to limit the impact of interest rate changes on our earnings and cash flows, and to reduce our overall borrowing costs. We manage interest rate risk primarily by maintaining a mix of fixed-rate and variable-rate debt.

Our primary exposure to foreign currencies is the exchange rates between the U.S. dollar and the Japanese yen and the Euro. Increases in the value of the US dollar relative to those currencies reduce reported earnings and assets.

We also may use forward contracts to reduce the risk of changes in the price of newsprint on anticipated newsprint purchases. We held no newsprint derivative financial instruments at September 30, 2009.

The following table presents additional information about market-risk-sensitive financial instruments:

| | As of September 30, 2009 | | | As of December 31, 2008 | | | 008 | |
|--|--------------------------|--------|---------------|-------------------------|---------------|--------|---------------|------------|
| (in thousands) | Cost Basis | | Fair Value | | Cost Basis | | Fair Value | |
| Financial instruments subject to interest rate risk: | | | | | | | | |
| Revolving credit agreement | \$ | 28,400 | \$ | 28,400 | \$ | 60,000 | \$ | 60,000 |
| Other notes | | 1,055 | | 1,055 | | 1,166 | | 1,166 |
| Total long-term debt including current portion | \$ | 29,455 | \$ | 29,455 | \$ | 61,166 | \$ | 61,166 |
| Financial instruments subject to market value risk: | | | | | | | | |
| Other equity securities | \$ | 7,726 | \$ | <u>(a)</u> | \$ | 7,070 | \$ | <u>(a)</u> |

⁽a) Includes securities that do not trade in public markets so the securities do not have readily determinable fair values. We estimate the fair value of these securities approximates their carrying value. There can be no assurance that we would realize the carrying value upon sale of the securities.

In October 2008, we entered into a 2-year \$30 million notional interest rate swap expiring in October 2010. Under this agreement, we receive payments based on 3-month LIBOR and make payments based on a fixed rate of 3.2%.

CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Scripps' management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- 1. pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- 2. provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and the directors of the company; and
- 3. provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations, including the possibility of human error, collusion and the improper overriding of controls by management. Accordingly, even effective internal control can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance with respect to financial statement preparation. Further, because of changes in conditions, the effectiveness of internal control may vary over time.

The effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) was evaluated as of the date of the financial statements. This evaluation was carried out under the supervision of and with the participation of management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer concluded that the design and operation of these disclosure controls and procedures are effective. There were no changes to the Company's internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f)) during the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

THE E. W. SCRIPPS COMPANY

Index to Exhibits

| Exhibit No. | Item |
|----------------|----------------------------|
| 31(a) | Section 302 Certifications |
| 31(b) | Section 302 Certifications |
| 32(a) | Section 906 Certifications |
| 32(b) | Section 906 Certifications |
| | |

E-1

CERTIFICATIONS

- I, Richard A. Boehne, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of The E. W. Scripps Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-1f(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our
 conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by
 this report on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

Date: November 5, 2009 BY: /s/ Richard A. Boehne

Richard A. Boehne President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATIONS

- I, Timothy E. Stautberg, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of The E. W. Scripps Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report:
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-1f(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our
 conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by
 this report on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

Date: November 5, 2009 BY: /s/ Timothy E. Stautberg

Timothy E. Stautberg

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

- I, Richard A. Boehne, President and Chief Executive Officer of The E. W. Scripps Company (the "Company"), hereby certify, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:
 - (1) The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the period ended September 30, 2009 (the "Report"), which this certification accompanies, fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
 - (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Richard A. Boehne
Richard A. Boehne
President and Chief Executive Officer

November 5, 2009

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Timothy E. Stautberg, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of The E. W. Scripps Company (the "Company"), hereby certify, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the period ended September 30, 2009 (the "Report"), which this certification accompanies, fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Timothy E. Stautberg

Timothy E. Stautberg Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

November 5, 2009

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